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SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

THE WAR!

Paris Besieged!

SKIRMISHING OUTSIDE!

The German Forces

WITHIN CANNON SHOT!

Situation in the City!

STRASBURG STILL HOLDS OUT!

Neutrality of England!

SHARP CORRESPONDENCE!

Italian Army at Rome!

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

FROM LONDON.

THE SIEGE OF PARIS—THE CITY TO BE SUMMONED TO SURRENDER.

LONDON, Sept. 16.—The latest intelligence received in this city announces that the Parisians were yesterday engaged in burning the woods and all surface incumbrances at Joinville Le Point, a small village six miles east of Paris.

All communication with Paris is now destroyed, and it is anticipated that a summons to surrender Paris will be sent to General Trochu, commanding the troops within the city, to-day.

THE REPORTED ESCAPE FROM METZ OF A PORTION OF BAZAINE'S FORCES.

A dispatch from Bouillon, Berlin, dated 16th, says:

On Thursday last six thousand troops of the army under Bazaine, which had been shut up in Metz, broke through the Prussian lines under the leadership of Marshal Canrobert, and effected a junction with the Crown Prussian army at Sedan. This intelligence has been communicated to the Prussians at Sedan, and has created the greatest excitement within that city. The Prussians are making extraordinary efforts to prepare for an attack upon the works. Sedan has been proclaimed to be in a state of siege, and the inhabitants are interdicted from holding communication with the exterior. The heights commanding the city have been fortified, and every precaution has been taken against a surprise. The measures for defense are considered perfect.

Another dispatch says: Canrobert's forces, which lately cut through the Prussians at Metz, and effected a junction with Crown Prince, were six thousand strong. Marshal Bazaine himself has gone to Sedan.

THE REINSTATEMENT OF NAPOLEON.

The London Times apologizes that it will be preposterous for the Prussians to attempt to reinstate Napoleon upon the throne which the latter has overthrown. The Times further endorses the opinion of the Post, in St. Petersburg Journal, that Prussia must negotiate peace with the Constituent Assembly of France.

PARIS CALM, RESOLUTE, CONFIDENT.

Advices from Paris state that the Capital is calm, resolute and confident.

It is reported that the positive in the belief that there is no prospect of Germany abandoning her claim for the cession of territory.

BAVARIA SENT HOME.

Bavaria is in possession of the Bavarian corps, and has been detached to protect and hold the defenses where the main army resumed its march upon Paris.

THE PRUSSIANS FROM CASTELLON—TROOPS SENT FROM THE SIEGE OF PARIS TO REPULSE THE ADVANCE.

It is reported that railroad bridges near Paris yesterday and to-day were attacked and destroyed by the Prussians. Several peasants were brought in prisoners, charged with the crime.

After to-day communication with Paris will be interdicted.

All available troops, as well as the Franc-Tireurs, have left Paris to oppose the movements of the Prussians.

The army of the Loire, Bazaine's army, is well supplied with provisions at Metz.

The Prussians are slowly concentrating around Paris.

THE QUESTION OF MEDIATION.

The London Times of this morning has a special telegram from Berlin giving the following summary as representing the latest information on the question:

Count Bismarck declines all further effort for mediation.

Minister Bancroft denies having invoked American intervention.

Prussia is satisfied with the reserved attitude of England.

As the contested French hope for armed intervention, Germany demands the cession of Alsace and Lorraine.

THE MARCH UPON PARIS OF THE GERMAN ARMY.

It does not appear that the Prussians are in any great force directly before Paris. Their main body seems to be stretched in a kind of semi-circle, with its extremities based on the north-east to Meaux and Soissons, on the south-east of the Capital, and from Chatteau Thierry in the rear of Meaux to Provins on the southern side of Paris.

The reported refusal of Bismarck to surrender prisoners except on the conclusion of the Germans for the time being.

It is not expected that the Prussians will attempt for some days to begin a serious bombardment of the city.

Numbers of women and children are still refusing to leave Paris. One has been put in the military balloon, and the people hope that this unlucky commencement much will be quickly followed by others.

Provisions are arriving in Paris from the country in large quantities, and the inhabitants are interested

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Cherry Street.

SATURDAY, SEPT. 17, 1870.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

CONGRESS, XXIII DISTRICT,
JAMES K. MOORHEAD, Pittsburgh.
CONGRESS, XXIVTH DISTRICT,
THADDEUS McJUNKIN, Beaver.
STATE SENATOR,
GEORGE H. ANDERSON, Pittsburgh.
ASSEMBLY,
R. H. WHITE, Sewickley.
JOHN H. KERR, Pittsburgh.
HENRY WARNER, Allegheny.
JOHN S. ROSS, Pittsburgh.
RICHARD H. RODGERS, West Pittsburgh.
JAMES VANLOS, Pennsbury.
PROTHONOTARY,
JOSEPH ROSS, Pittsburgh.
COMMISSIONER,
JOHN A. SCOTT, Allegheny.
CORONER,
J. G. WEST, Pittsburgh.
JURY COMMISSIONER,
JOHN YOUNG, Jr., Robinson Township.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
THOMAS VARNER, Baldwin township.

Bonds at Frankfort 93¾.

Petroleum at Antwerp, 55.

Gold closed in New York yesterday at 114@(114).

Cauthers is the name of the solitary gentleman who cheered at the reform tea party on Thursday night. He was too hoarse yesterday to scold his disciples for not partaking of his enthusiasm.

Carnahan was sore at heart after the Allegheny fiasco. Had he heard the very complimentary remarks passed on him by those in attendance, he would feel much worse. As a "reformer" he commences to feel that he is not a success.

The "reform" meeting in this city last night was another sickly gathering. The managers had better abandon the idea of holding public meetings for they thus develop their strength. They may blow and bluster through the columns of their organ about their gratifying progress, but *that* this meetings do show a lack of support.

We think we never saw a community more indignant than ours was yesterday, at the vile, unmanly and slanderous attacks of the *Commercial* on men who have earned and deserved the esteem and good will of our people. We met and conversed with quite a number who shrunk aghast from the contemplation of the lowness of that sheet, and no course it could choose could be calculated better than to arouse for stirring up a reaction that will be fatal alike to the men on its ticket and itself.

It was all right, according to Mr. J. F. Dravo, for Jos. Walton to vote for the New Jersey steamship swindle, and as the *Commercial* thinks, also. Yet it is all wrong, according to the *Commercial*, for General Negley to vote for the Oriental Steamship subsidy. Walton's project was to rob the State, that is all right; the other project was to enrich our commerce, and *that* is all wrong. We like to see these parties define themselves in this way. It is natural, perhaps, that they should side with the wrong and against the right.

Attention is directed to the election proclamation elsewhere published by Sheriff Fleming. All citizens should especially study the provisions contained therein regarding colored citizens, and the privileges accorded and protection afforded them. In answer to numerous inquiries regarding the city elections we publish the following Act of Assembly approved March, 1870:

Be it enacted, &c., That hereafter the annual election for members of the city councils, school directors and ward officers and the tri-annual election for mayor, treasurer and controller within said city, shall be held on the *First* Tuesday of December, and not the Second Tuesday of October, as provided for in the existing laws, and the present officers of said city shall continue to hold said several offices until their successors shall be elected and duly qualified.

Two nominal editors and publishers of the *Commercial* are men who were imported here from New York. They have no record here, to fall back upon, no past life here to point to as a guarantee for what they say or do. Yet these men are busily engaged, daily, slandering and traducing some of the best men in this community—men who were born here, who have grown up among this people, who have built up for themselves reputations for integrity, veracity and trustworthiness, and who are known to the community to be men worthy of the confidence reposed in them. Did these libellers ever pause to think that *their* antecedents might possibly be inquired into? Are they prepared to challenge an investigation into their past lives? If not, let them beware. They will find, ere they are aware of it, that there are blows to take as well as to give. People who live in glass houses should not throw stones.

We hope our manufacturers, merchants, business men, and capitalists generally, will not fail to read the appeal to them from the Directors of the "Pittsburgh, Virginia & Charleston Railway Company," published in another column. The subject is one the importance of which it would be difficult to overrate, and the object within easy reach of the class of our community now appealed to, if they will but put forth a concerted and organized effort. Chicago, Cincinnati or St. Louis would not hesitate a day to develop resources of such magnitude as await the action of our capital in this matter. We sincerely hope the appeal will receive prompt and general attention and be answered by liberal aid.

We are glad to learn that Captain W. W. Martin will accept the Presidency of this road, if the community will heartily espouse the project. A more efficient, energetic or capable citizen could not have been chosen, nor one in whose honor and integrity stockholders can more safely confide. Let our manufacturers, merchants and citizens of all classes make sure of his services by showing a determination to supply the means required and see him safely through.

The *Post* and *Commercial* hunt together. They are hounds with the same scent and instincts, and hence they go as a legitimate couple, upon the same track.

On the night before the Republican Convention, when the Republican headquarters were thronged by men from all parts of the country, the reporters of the *Post* and *Commercial* came together, sat down together, as if they had a right there, and went out together; and next morning the same rigmarole about the plans of "the ring" appeared in both papers.

A few days ago we were advised that an attack on Gen. Negley would be made simultaneously in the *Post* and *Commercial* on Friday (yesterday). The event has justified the prediction. Both papers open in the same way, indulge in the same vein, and work to the same end.

It is only a few days since the editor of the *Post* paid a visit, openly, to the sanctum of the *Commercial*. What took place there we cannot undertake to say, it is enough, however, to point to the columns of the two papers to show that an offensive and defensive, has been arranged between them, and henceforth their interests are common.

We have heretofore called attention to this coalition, and refer to it now to impress upon the mind of our readers the fact that this so-called "Reform" movement was got up and is engineered for the benefit of the Democracy. Burr and Brigham are brethren in heart and purpose. They are in the same boat and pull one stroke together.

Let the true and tried Republicans of this county take note of this coalition, and take warning in time, that they may bring to naught the united counsel of these co-laborers.

VERACITY.

Mr. John F. Dravo declared upon his veracity (in his speech on Thursday night) that he had not met with a man during the day that was not in hearty sympathy with the so-called "reform party." Several citizens of Pittsburgh and Allegheny have assured us that during Thursday they conversed with Mr. Dravo on the subject of the "reform party," and had discussed wholly and emphatically from his views and from the movements of the reformers (?) We were both pained and surprised at these disclosures, as we have hitherto regarded Mr. Dravo as a gentleman who would not trifle with the truth. And conceding his respectability, we claim that our informants—whose names we are ready to give—are quite as respectable and veracious as he is.

CARNAHAN AS A REFORMER.

A meeting of the Third Party, was held on Thursday evening, at the Allegheny Diamond. Its avowed purpose was to reform the Republican party, by purifying it of corruption, and releasing it from the grasp of office seekers greedy for spoils.

One of the speakers was Robert H Carnahan, who, at the time of the Third Party convention, sat as chairman. He is prominent in this movement and we will turn to him and his record as a Reformer. There is no man in the county of Allegheny whose life proves him to be a more persistent office seeker. What he is working for, time will disclose. But that his aim is personal every act of his political life proves.

He was placed in position under the lamented Lincoln, as a loyal and true Republican. That martyr had scarcely given his life for the cause of universal freedom, before Mr. Carnahan discovered that he was in danger of losing his office. Andrew Johnson had clambered into the Presidential Chair, through the murder of Mr. Lincoln. As President, he soon disclosed his Democratic proclivities, his pro-slavery tendencies and his thorough hatred of all opposed to him, by turning out of office those appointed under Lincoln. But the love of office was greater, in the soul of Robert B. Carnahan, than the love of those principles, for the maintenance of which brave men had gone down to their graves. Principles were nothing. Office was everything. And this "reformer" passed out of the pure atmosphere he had been breathing, into the tainted and corrupt miasma of Johnson's administration.

At the Republican State Convention held at Harrisburg, March, 1866, Mr. Carnahan offered a resolution endorsing Andrew Johnson. This was less than one month after Johnson, from the steps of the Presidential mansion, denounced Republican leaders as traitors, and compared them with Toombs, Stidell and other noted rebels. This was simply asking a Republican Convention to assert that Sumner and old Thad. Stevens were traitors. But a few days before Johnson had so asserted, and Carnahan urged a Republican Convention to endorse him. The resolution was laughed down, and rejected.

A few months rolled by and Carnahan again makes another effort to retain his office. His endorsement of Johnson's infamy, he feared, was not a sufficient security, and he called on William D. Moore, Esq., of this city, to make such arrangements as he thought best calculated to ensure his retention in office. Why he did not call on a good Republican we leave the people to infer. Mr. Moore was a Democrat. Mr. Moore was opposed to a Republican Administration, but he had influence with Johnson. The Republican party had swept that traitor to their principles from their pathway, and the Democracy had taken him in charge. But no matter what may have been his reason, on the 7th day of December, 1866, Mr. Carnahan entered into a contract with W. D. Moore, Esq., and we give it to our readers:

This indenture made this 7th day of December, A. D. 1866, between Robert B. Carnahan, Esq., of the City of Pittsburgh, and Wm. D. Moore, Esq., of the same place, witnesseth that the party of the first part for and in consideration of the diligence of one-half the duties and labors of the office of District Attorney of the United States of the District of Western Pennsylvania by the party of the second part well and truly to be performed, hereby agrees to appoint the said Wm. D. Moore, Esq., Deputy in said office, and does hereby agree for and in consideration of said duties, by him, the said Wm. D. Moore, Esq., well and truly performed, to pay to him one-half the emoluments and fees of said office, excepting mileage, which shall wholly belong to the officer traveling and also excepting $300 special and annual salary. Said party of the second part further contracting that in all legal ways possible, he will endeavor to maintain, uphold and serve the party of the first part in his office as attorney for the United States in the District of Western Pennsylvania, said relation or partnership in said office to begin on Monday, December 10, 1866, and to continue during the incumbency of said party of the first part, Robert B. Carnahan Esq.

ROBT. B. CARNAHAN, } [SEAL]
WM. D. MOORE. }
Attest: S. C. McCANDLESS.

Mr. Moore is to "maintain, uphold and serve" Mr. Carnahan in his office as Attorney for the United States. These are curious words in a contract between these two men. One is the regular appointee, and the other about to become his deputy. One agrees to pay money, and the other to "maintain, uphold and serve" his employer. If we did not remember the date of this contract, we might have believed it was part of an old feudal tenure, where the vassal was compelled to maintain, support and serve his master. But we do remember the date of the contract, and we know that it means that Carnahan believed that Moore's Democratic influence would save him from being politically beheaded and he (Moore) was to use his influence to maintain, support and serve Carnahan.

On the 11th day of February A. D. 1867, Congress passed an Act regulating the tenure of civil offices. This bill prevented Johnson from being able to discharge Carnahan without the consent of the Senate. But now another danger loomed up. Here was a U. S. Attorney, appointed by the lamented Lincoln, who had not only endorsed Johnson, but had actually employed a Democrat as his Deputy. The consequence is easily foreseen. Moore was of no more use, indeed it was dangerous to keep him, and notwithstanding the solemn seal and the contract Moore was discharged.

This then is one of the representatives of the reform movement. This, the man whom that party places in the chair as President of their Convention. This, the man, who after an official intrigue with a Democrat to keep him in office, steps forward and states to a crowd of citizens that *he desires to have men sent to the legislature to whom the people have confidence.* Does any human being believe after reading the foregoing record, that the Third Party is not managed by leaders? At its very front stands Robert B. Carnahan. Does any one believe that Carnahan has no other object than to purify the party? Is there a contract here as there was with the Democracy of 1866? Is he now farming out his profits to secure office, as he was then to maintain it? Is Mr. Carnahan a leader the people desire to follow?

Turn back to his history and see him twisting and turning to keep himself in his place in 1866 and 1867. Where then were his ideas of purifying the Republican party from office seekers greedy for spoils. It is bad enough for a few miserable malcontents, who have no political record, but carp and whine over everything that is done, because they did not do it, to ask the bone and sinew of Republican success to lean on their flabby flesh, but it is far worse where a Third Party movement pushes forth a man assuming to be a reformer and a representative man, who traded in and sold his Republican principles for one-half his office fees. What folly to thrust this man on the citizens as a Reformer. What an insult to stand a Johnson man forth, to purify and correct abuses in the Republican party.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

Several years ago we heard the distinguished Bishop Bowman, now deceased, in a sermon in old Trinity Episcopal Church of this city, affirm that any dereliction of duty upon the part of Christians, as citizens of the Commonwealth, by not demanding the enforcement of civil law and order, bearing upon moral and religious questions, they were to the extent of the willful neglect of the duty, culpable in the sight of God, and to the ministers of law. The good bishop presented the duty of Christian citizenship on that Sabbath afternoon in a light, and as one involving grave responsibilities that few of the large congregation present never before had viewed it. The *Churchman*, in an editorial on "Watering Place Morals," presents thoughts much of a similar type. Attention is called to the indecent practices at watering places, especially during the season just ended, and which were such a fruitful theme, and one on which correspondents of certain sensational dailies, dilated in the most approved *Jenkins* style. These gossipy writers affirmed that at one noted watering place hundreds of fallen women were among the guests of the hotels, and that at another these frail ones were conspicuous at public hops. No doubt the law could be made effective in punishing such an offence and outrage upon the moral portion of the guests at these hotels, but it is difficult to accomplish much by pleasure seekers whose stay is usually of short duration, and the evil is borne. The *Churchman* argues that the remedy is in the hands of the moral and Christian people, namely, they should stay from these places, and leave them to an exclusive reputation for infamy. If the public will not protect itself, it is because it is indifferent; and does not feel disquiet at associating with blacklegs and prostitutes. The following words of this able religious weekly should be pondered by moral and Christian men, especially those who have families: "The presence of such pests in large cities cannot be helped. But if they go to watering places, it is because they are encouraged there. There is but one way of defence when these birds of unclean omen flock thither, and this to make it disreputable for decent people to follow them." It will require considerable moral courage at first to remove this evil, and persons may find it necessary to deny themselves of the pleasure and benefit, to be secured at such places.

English papers inform us that the Roman Catholic Archbishop Manning, will "pontificate" at various churches designated. Here is a verb not to be found in either of Webster's or Worcester's Dictionaries.

Four hundred and thirty lots have already been disposed of at the Ocean Grove Camp Ground, seven miles from Long Branch, the famous watering place. This grove, held by the trustees of the Methodist Episcopal Church, we believe, contains two hundred acres, with a sea front of nearly a mile.

The German Presbyterian Theological School, at Dubuque, Iowa, has sent out eighteen men and has twenty more in training.

The North Ohio Methodist Episcopal Conference, after a spicy discussion, re-affirmed its last year's rule, requiring all candidates for ordination to pledge themselves not to use tobacco.

At the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, held in the Second United Presbyterian church, Allegheny city, twenty-two new members were enrolled.

The *United Presbyterian* of this week contains an expression of ecclesiastical bodies, of the high esteem in which the venerable Rev. Dr. J. B. Pressly was held by the Church.

Dr. McCosh, the distinguished President of Princeton College, evidently don't ralish the artistic singing of some churches, according to a late account. The Doctor recently occupied the pulpit of a church with a quartette choir. The opening piece was sung with such artistic perfection—that neither minister nor people understood one word of what was sung. After a brief pause the Doctor rose and gravely said: "And now we will commence the worship of God in the use of the 27th hymn."

A meeting of the Pittsburgh Presbytery of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, will be held in the Brick church, Darlington, Pa., commencing next Thursday morning, partly to make arrangements for the ordination and installation of Mr. Joseph Moffett.

A prayer meeting has been held for many years in the Episcopal Church of the Evangelists, of Philadelphia, on Friday evening, conducted by a few laymen of the church, who had experience in such meetings. The services consisted of parts of the Liturgy, reading of the Scriptures, with exhortations and free prayer. Recently however a new rector has been called to the church, and Friday week, says the *Episcopalian*, the doors were closed, and the lecture room not lighted up. Considerable feeling has been aroused, and serious dissensions are likely to arise.

A correspondent of the *Presbyterian* represents that a missionary of the American Sunday School Union, has established a Sunday School among the Cherokee Indians of North Carolina. Enota, (Black Fox,) one of their chiefs, is Superintendent, and is religious and influential.

Rev. Dr. Henderson, of the Columbia Square, or Second Baptist Church, San Francisco, California, has instituted a suit against the church for the recovery of sixteen hundred dollars back salary.

The new Tabernacle, in Brooklyn, for Rev. T. De Witt Talnage's congregation, is a circus-like-looking structure, and will seat twenty-five hundred persons.

Union Methodist Episcopal Church, Rev. J. J. McIlvar, pastor, located in the lower part of Allegheny city, right in the midst of a growing and excellent neighborhood, is enjoying much prosperity, under the pastoral care of this well-known divine, who is in his third year. The membership is over four hundred, having increased full one hundred within a year, and recently twenty-four additional members joined the church. The attendance of persons in the neighborhood, not members, number several hundreds, and at the evening service, the crowd is so great that the spacious audience chamber is filled. Besides the spiritual prosperity, several thousands dollars of a debt have been paid, and other expenses not outside of the regular cost of maintaining the church services.

Attention has already been called to the action of Catholic societies in Massachusetts, and of the National Union of the Swedenborgians, deprecating the pomp and extravagance of funerals. The *Jewish Messenger*, the leading organ of the Israelites in this country, also strongly protests against the same evil, into which the Jews of this country have fallen, and calls upon them to return to their former simplicity in the conduct of burial services.

COMMUNICATIONS.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 16, 1870.

MESSRS. EDITORS GAZETTE: I see by to-day's paper that Major William Frew, the nominee for Congress on the so-called Reform ticket, has seen fit in his wise judgment to assert that "a terrible *ring*, a corrupt *ring*, a *ring* of unspeakable tenacity in its hold upon plunder and spoil, has fastened itself upon the country and ramified at Harrisburg and all over the State." Now this is true, every word of it, but not true enough. The Major should not have limited the ramifications of the ring. If he had commenced by stating that the ring extended from the oil regions north of us to Antwerp—far in the East—with Major Frew as the centre in Pittsburgh, he would have been more accurate. But as the Major neglected to state this, I will say, and without fear of contradiction from the *military* reformer, that he was the figure head and one of the originators of the most infamous ring that ever existed in Allegheny county, a ring which crushed honest men whose families may even to this day be in want of the necessaries of life. I refer to the Oil Ring, which he originated last year in Pittsburgh. There is not a business man in Pittsburgh who does not remember it, and indeed, if rumor speaks truth, some of them, who allowed the pious, honest reformer to use their money in the ring, have sorrowful reasons for remembering it.

Men in easy circumstances, working and making an honest living for their wives and little children, were snuffed out as if they had been candles, and this honest reformer the extinguisher, and to day are wandering about in search of employment. Let any man desirous of knowing of the workings of the real "ring" turn his steps towards Duquesne Way, and ask the men there who are engaged in the same business as Mr. Frew, and few if any of them could be found who would not assert that he is always ready to enter any "ring" which he thinks will pay, no matter how many poor men it may crush out.

If Mr. Frew wants facts and figures, although it is whispered he has already had enough of them, we think sufficient could be found to show the number of rings he has belonged to, the names of the men he has ruined and an approximate estimate of the amount of dollars and cents he has squeezed from others who got caught, by applying to the

OIL EXCHANGE.

MESSRS. EDITORS GAZETTE: I see my name published in yesterday's *Commercial* as one of the Vice Presidents of the Reform meeting held in Allegheny city on Thursday evening. I was not at that meeting, nor was my name put there by my permission. I signed the call for a reform in the Republican ranks, but am opposed to the way the leaders of the Reform movement have conducted the measures looking to that desired end. I intend to vote the regular ticket, and use my influence to reform inside of the party, not out of it.

JOHN MCCOMBS.

Corsairs of the Hudson.

The pleasant story of an organized band of pirates, operating on the Hudson river, is the last blood-curdling sensation served up to the dwellers on that beautiful stream by the New York papers. It is asserted that the combined efforts of the Newburg police, the Cold Spring Vigilance Committee, and special detectives, in connection with the recent Cold Spring robbery and murder, have led to the discovery of an extensive confederation of outlaws, extending all along the river, whose accomplices are probably residents at various towns, that they go from place to place on pleasure yachts and other craft, committing depredations of all kinds. It is certain that burglaries have been numerous all along the river this season. A warehouse at Newburg was robbed by burglars, and other attempts made, and at the same time two strange yachts were hovering in the bay, with cut-throat looking crews, apparently under the command of a bold blonde, whom they familiarly called "Lydia," and who is said to have been a Greene street belle. These vessels were also noticed at West Point and other places. They always sailed at night, and lay at anchor during the day, frequently at lonesome places along the wild Highlands. River pilots on the night-boats have remarked strange lights along the Highlands, in localities altogether unfrequented by human beings. Some adventurous youths clambered up the sides of the Crow Nest towards one of these fires, but, being received with a volley of stones, retreated in confusion to their boat. The charred remains of checks or notes, and part of a silver spoon, were also found near Iona Island, where one of these lights was noticed. The discovery of splendid burglars' tools at Newburg and Cold Spring lead to the belief that these fellows meditate an extensive raid, seizing their plunder in the night, conveying it to their yachts, which sail swiftly to some other point, whence it is shipped by rail to their receivers. The robbery of the cashier at Cold Spring and the murder of the coachman who pursued the villain Trumpbour are now laid to this gang. It seems as though the robbery was planned in a low saloon kept by one "Charley Smith," in Newburg, a resort of the most depraved of both sexes; that Trumpbour, Conroy, Schegel and others were banded together to commit the robbery, and that Conroy, now under arrest, was an aid. Schlegel, an expert boatman, was to be on his oars in the river, receive the robber, and row him across to the wilderness of Crow Nest Mountains. After the affair, Conroy, fearing that Schlegel would "squeal," got him off on a spree to New York, and enlisted him in the army. He is to be given up to the civil authorities, when, it is hoped, the whole matter will be elucidated.

A Mother Cowhides a Man for Insults to Her Daughter.

There was an extraordinary scene yesterday, in the front room of the second story of a house on Moore street, between Vine and Walnut, in the cowhiding, by the lady occupying the room, of a shoemaker who lives in the third story. She had learned that he had several times attempted improper liberties with her daughter, only twelve years of age. Justly incensed, she procured a heavy cowhide—such as draymen use—and having collected some of her neighbors in the adjoining room for witness, called the shoemaker, B. Boeffner, to come down to the front room to fix a window; Boeffner, having no suspicion of what was in store for him, innocently walked into the trap and inquired what was wanted. The mother first locked the door and pocketed the key; then she produced the formidable whip and demanded to know if he had made the alleged attempts upon her daughter. The shoemaker weakened, trembled in his boots, confessed and talked about compromise. This was a fatal step. While the confession strengthened the woman's resolution and nerves, the proposition to compromise increased her anger ten fold. She proceeded to "lay on" over his body and shoulders, over his face and neck and hands. She flourished the lash around her head and brought it down upon him with all the strength she possessed, while she followed him around the trap, from which he in vain sought to escape. She, in fact, whipped "the rascal" until her strength was exhausted and her desire for revenge satiated; and then, and not before, she desisted.—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

A NEWARK merchant gave a dozen a lot of fans on which business cards were printed, to distribute at camp-meeting, and the deacon set boys to selling them at five cents a piece.

In Cincinnati, this week, a little girl seven years old, the daughter of Mr. Hartzkamp, who lives corner of Fifth and Stone streets, fell forty feet into a privy vault, the rotten floor giving way beneath her. The noise of the breaking floor, and the child's cries apprised persons near of the accident. A crowd gathered round and looked into the vault, heard the child's piteous pleadings for help, but none had courage to go down. For a while it seemed that the little sufferer must perish. At last a little boy, Eddy Parr, about a dozen years old, volunteered to go down and rescue her. He was as good as his word. In a few minutes the child was landed safely on the surface of the earth. Eddie had been let down in the darkness where grown men refused to go, and, little hero that he was, had plucked a human being from the very jaws of a most loathsome death.

GREAT EXCITEMENT.
FAIR AT IRON CITY PARK.
ALL PERSONS GOING TO THE FAIR
should stop at
JAMES E. BURNS & CO'S DRUG STORE,
Cor. of Penn and Sixth (old St. Clair) Sts.
FOR COLD, SPARKLING
SODA WATER, SODA WATER,
SODA WATER, SODA WATER,
SODA WATER, SODA WATER,
At JAMES E. BURNS & CO'S DRUG STORE,
Cor. of Penn and Sixth (old St. Clair) Sts.

A TAINTED ATMOSPHERE.

Malarious fevers are most prevalent in the fall. Heavy and unwholesome exhalations then arise from the earth, and the great disparity between the temperature of day and night predisposes the system, enfeebled by the summer heats, to epidemic diseases. The secretive organs, the liver especially, are apt, at this period of the year, to become inert and sluggish, and all the bodily powers require renovation. The best, indeed the only protection against the morbid influences of the season is a wholesome medicated stimulant. Preeminent among the restoratives of this class, and indeed foremost among the remedial and preventive medicines of modern times, stands Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Its reputation is co-extensive with the Western Hemisphere; it has been a standard article for twenty years; its sales (as may be ascertained by the revenue returns) are far larger than those of any other proprietary preparation on this continent; and the testimony in its favor embraces letters of approval from the most distinguished members of all the learned professions and from well known residents of almost every city in the Union. These are its credentials. Its state when it is doing to prevent and assuage the sufferings of the human family would require more space than can be given to the subject here. The dyspeptic, the bilious, the nervous, the weak and emaciated, the despondent, the broken down, find in its renovating and regulating properties a sure and immediate means of relief. It is a pure vegetable specific, at once safe and potent, and for which the whole materia medica affords no substitute.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FABER &

VAN DOREN,

367 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

STEAM ENGINES,

IRON AND WOOD WORKING

MACHINERY,

Steam Pumps,

Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,

STEAM FIRE ENGINES,

BELTING,

Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.

Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

GRAFF,

HUGUS

& CO.,

Manufacturers of

Cooking and Heating

STOVES,

RANGES, FURNACES,

AND

Fine Grate Fronts,

INCLUDING THE

COLUMBIA COOK STOVE,

Confidence Cook Stove,

The Boston

DOUBLE-OVEN IMPROVED

Cooking Range,

Nile's Improved Star Range,

AND

FIERY FURNACE.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:

206 and 208

Liberty Street.

GRATES! GRATES!

GRATES!

Keep Your Houses Clean,

AND

SAVE FUEL,

BY USING THE

Wellman Patent Reflector Grate,

WHICH STANDS WITHOUT A RIVAL.

We claim for it the following advantages over any other in use:

1st. As a radiator of heat it has *double* the intensity.

2d. It is unquestionably the most economical—very little soot or ashes escaping into the room—which, in the ordinary Grate, proves so detrimental to carpets and furniture.

3d. The combustion is *perfect*. There is no waste in unburnt cinders—every ounce of the fuel is so completely consumed, that nothing remains but the finest ashes.

4th. As an economizer of fuel—there being an actual saving of at least 25 per cent.

5th. It is highly ornamental.

6th. It is set so deep in the chimney, that it is much safer, and also less liable to puff in windy weather.

7th. A slight motion of the shaker cleanses the entire fire, and causes it to burn with great brilliancy and intensity of heat.

Samples may be seen and references had at the store of W. BARNES, corner of 24 avenue and Market street, Pittsburgh; W. P. GOODWIN, 695 Federal street, Allegheny, or at the FOUNDRY, corner Duquesne Way and Water street, Pittsburgh.

Parties who are building, or who contemplate changing Grates, are respectfully requested to examine "The Wellman." Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.

L. H. SMITH & CO.,

Manufacturers,

West Point Foundry.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPECIA

FRIDAY AND

A

WILLIAM

Nos. 180 and 182 Feder

—

At $1.50,

Embossed Cloth Skirts,

Worth $2.50.

At $2.50, All-Wool Square Shawls, worth $4.
At $3, All-Wool Double Shawls, worth $5.
At 18½c., Damask Towels, Turkey Red Border.
At 15c., extra wide Linen Toweling.
At 6½c., good Dark Calicos.
At 8½c., Fast Col'd Dark Calicos.
At 18½c, Barred Shirting Flannels, a great bargain.
At 18½c., all the best makes new style Delaines.

A COMPLETE STOCK OF

New Dress Goods.

Tweeds, Cassimeres, Jeans,
Coatings, Cloakings, Waterproofs,
Plain and Barred Opera Flannels,
Quilts, Blankets, Sheetings,
Ticklings, Checks, Table Linens,
Calicoes, Shirtings, Irish Linens, &c.

AT POPULAR PRICES,

Wholesale and Retail,

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

NEW GOODS

HATS, CAPS,

AND

FURS.

M'CORD & CO.,

131 Wood Street,

Have on hand the Largest and Most Complete Stock of HATS, CAPS and LADIES' FURS ever brought to this city, embracing every Style and Quality.

MERCHANTS are requested to call and examine our stock. Our goods are BOUGHT DIRECT from the Manufacturers FOR CASH which enables us to sell as low as any House in the country.

Orders Promptly Filled.

M'CORD & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Hats, Caps and Furs.

SCHOOL

BOOKS.

SCHOOL STATIONERY.
SCHOOL BOOKS,
SCHOOL SLATES.
SCHOOL BOOKS.
SCHOOL CASKET.
SCHOOL BOOKS.
SCHOOL INKSTANDS.
SCHOOL INKS.
SCHOOL BOOKS.
SCHOOL CRAYONS
SCHOOL BOOKS.
SCHOOL PENCILS AND PENS.
SCHOOL COPY BOOKS.
SCHOOL EXERCISE BOOKS.
SCHOOL BOOKS.
SCHOOL RULERS.
SCHOOL BOOKS.
SCHOOL REWARDS.
SCHOOL CAP.

A large stock and at genuine WHOLESALE PRICES.

J. L. READ & SON,

Booksellers and Stationers,

102 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

BARR & KNAKE,

DEALERS IN

Pianos, Cottage Organs,

MELODEONS,

AND

Musical Goods Generally.

BISSELL'S BLOCK,

No. 12 Sixth (late St. Clair) Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Sole Agents for W. H. Bradbury, New York, Schomacker & Co's celebrated Philadelphia and American Pianos, Esty & Co's Cottage Organs and Melodeons.

Catalogue of price mailed on application.

DOUBLE BARREL

SHOT GUNS!

The shooting season has just commenced, and I have a fine assortment of Double and Single Barrel Shot Guns, varying in price from $2 50 to $150 00, some of them very fine. Sportsmen will do well to call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere at

JAMES BOWN'S,

135 WOOD STREET.

REMOVAL.

Laing & McKallip

Have removed to 347 Liberty st., lately occupied by Culp & Shepard, where they will be pleased to meet their friends and the public generally. They have constantly on hand a choice assortment of Family Flour, Grain, Feed, Land and Calcined Plaster, White Lime, Foundry Flour, Baled Hay, &c. They are also general agents for the celebrated Johnstown Hydraulic and Louisville Cement and Anthracite Coal.

T. T. T.

Trego's Teaberry Toothwash.

Is the most pleasant, cheapest and best Dentifrice extant.

We warrant it free from injurious ingredients.

It preserves and whitens the Teeth;
Invigorates and soothes the Gums;
Purifies and perfumes the breath;
Prevents accumulation of Tartar;
Cleans and Purifies Artificial Teeth;
Is a superior article for Children;

Sold by all Druggists and Dentists.

Prepared by A. M. WILSON, Philadelphia.

For sale by all Druggists.

jn25-TTHS

R. M. McCOWAN..... R. McKOWN

R. M. M'Cowan & Co.,

BOULEVARD PAVERS,

Pave Sidewalks, Cellars, Inside Yards, Drives, &c.

WARRANTED AGAINST CHANGES OF HEAT AND COLD.

Orders left at GAZETTE Office, or at 20 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny, promptly attended to.

Refer by permission to Agnew, Short & Co., Jos. Park, Marbley, McKee & Co., Major J. Dunlap. my4-TTS

RAZORS, SCISSORS,

AND ALL KINDS OF CUTLERY,

Ground and Repaired in the best manner. Also, STAMPS, BRANDS and CANCELLING BRANDS made and repaired at

JAMES BOWN'S, 135 Wood street.

APPLE PARERS.

LIGHTNING AND TURN TABLE

APPLE PARERS.

A full stock of either kind on hand, and will be sold at manufacturer's prices.

JAMES BOWN'S, 135 Wood street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LTIES!

SATURDAY,

T

SEMPLE'S,

al Street, Allegheny City.

—

NEW GOODS.

ALL THE LATEST STYLES IN

Hats and Bonnets,

RIBBONS AND FLOWERS,

FEATHERS,

Lace Collars and Handkerchiefs.

—

ALL COLORS IN

VELVETEENS.

—

Silk Velvets and Satins.

—

Go to White and Colored Shirts,
Ladies' and Gents' Underwear,
Shirt Fronts, Collars and Cuffs,
Hosiery, Gloves, Notions, &c.

AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES,

Wholesale and Retail,

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

FALL TRADE.

—

SUGAR,

TEA,

COFFEE.

—

DILWORTH,

HARPER & CO.,

243 Liberty Street,

OPPOSITE HEAD OF WOOD ST.,

Are ready to offer for the Fall trade a full assortment of

GROCERIES,

Including Smoking and Chewing

TOBACCOS,

ALL QUALITIES OF

Syrups, Molasses,

AND

SUGARS.

ALL GRADES OF

COFFEES AND TEAS.

A FULL STOCK OF

Pure Spices.

A variety of Soaps, Oils, Candles, Brushes, Wooden Ware, Twine, Cords, Brooms, &c. Also, Baking Powders, Sodas, Starches, and all the merchandise usually kept by

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

JOS. HORNE & CO.

Would Invite the Attention of

Milliners and Dealers

To Their Lines of

TRIMMING, BONNET,

AND

SASH RIBBONS,

Which have been imported direct from Manufacturers. Also to their Assortment of

Bonnets, Velvets,
Black and Colored Satins,
Bow Ribbons,
Sashes and Sash Ribbons.

We are just receiving everything in

Millinery Goods,
Hats,
Flowers,
Feathers,
Plumes,
Crapes, Laces, &c.

77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.

On a Par with Gold!

WE NOW OFFER

Our New Stock

OF

DRY GOODS

AND

NOTIONS

AT

EASTERN PRICES.

BUYERS ARE INVITED TO

Examine our Goods & Prices

ARBUTHNOT,

SHANNON & CO.,

No. 115 Wood Street.

"HILL & ADAM'S

SEWER PIPE CO,"

65 and 67 Sandusky St., Allegheny.

Manufacturers Highly Vitrified WATER AND SEWER PIPE, Bends, Traps, Chimney Tops, Flues and HYDRAULIC CEMENT. Warranted to the Trade.

C. G. McMILLEN, Agent.

L. B. FULTON..... A. J. [illegible]

FULTON & M'CANN,

Practical Plumbers,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

And Dealers in all descriptions of Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Bar Lead, Block Tin Pipe, Tin Lining, Copper Bottoms, Sheet Copper, Bath Tubs, Wash Bowls, Hydrants, Force Pumps, Lift Pumps, Hose, Lead Traps, Brass Cocks, Globe Valves, Gate Valves, Check Valves, Steam Gauges, Water Gauges, Salt Mouth Pumps, Steam Whistles, Oil Cups, Lubricators, Packing, Rubber Belting, Emery Belting, Babbitt Metal, Solder, Rosin, Tallow, Oils, Etc.

Also, Agents for the sale of Portland Cement, Calcined Plaster, Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Etc.

No. 84 FIFTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SEWING

MACHINES.

IN 1869 THE

SINGER

Manufacturing Co.

SOLD OVER THE

	MACHINES.
Lowrie Sewing Machine Co	86,210
Parham Sewing Machine Co	85,540
Pittsburgh Manufacturing Co	85,442
Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Co	82,333
American Button Hole Co	78,860
Empire Sewing Machine Co	78,667
Florence Sewing Machine Co	73,120
Wilcox & Gibbs Sewing Machine Co	69,580
Wood Sewing Machine Co	67,692
Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Co	51,592
Two Howe Machine Companies	41,781
Wheeler & Wilson and Elliptic Companies combined	9,915

The above are the sworn returns (to which any one can have access) made to the receiver appointed by the owners of valuable Sewing Machine patents who license most of the Companies of lesser importance.

It is a well-known fact that the Singer Company has not had recourse to canvassers running from house to house to sell their machines, nor has it made anything like the efforts made by other Companies to effect that end.

Hence it follows that their improved Family Machine must possess an extraordinary amount of merit to have achieved such remarkable success.

The Improved Singer Machine makes the lock stitch alike on both sides. It is the only machine having a self-adjusting tension which requires no change for all sizes of needles, thread or goods. Uses a straight needle, which is easily set and is

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,
BANKERS,
No. 78 Fourth Ave.,
Buy and Sell all kinds of
Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Railroad Paper.
Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK STOCK BOARDS.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,
(Successors to S. JOSEPH & CO.)
Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street.
BANKERS,
BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF
Government Securities,
GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,
ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.
Drafts issued on Government Bonds at sight of Coupons.
Accounts of BANKS, BANKERS AND FIRMS received on favorable terms.
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY GAZETTE, }
PITTSBURGH, Sept. 16, 1870. }

MONEY AND COMMERCE.

The demand for money has been somewhat relieved for a day or two past, and rates are temporarily a shade easier.

There is nothing doing materially for bank stocks to-day, and no movement of remarkable figures. This class of investments appears to have gone into hands capable of holding them, for the market has been almost bled of them for several past. There was nothing done in the bond list to-day to change previous quotations.

Our eastern advices reported a steady, but dull, market early in the day, with gold at 114, and bonds stationary at yesterday's quotations.

Gold fluctuated but little during the day, closing at 114¾. The subsequent market developed some weakness in stocks, with a disposition to pocket the rise made yesterday and the day before. Our 4-p. m. telegrams report the market irregular and weaker at the close of the leading stocks hovering within ¼ of the highest points of the day, Quicksilver having declined from ½ to ¾.

The Philadelphia market shows more steadiness, Reading holding its own, and Penn. Central strong at 55¾.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

New York, Sept. 16, 1870.

Affairs in Wallstreet are quiet, but the markets are generally firm. There are indications, however, of increased activity. Money quiet and easy at 5@6 per cent. on call. Sterling steady at 9½@9¾ for 60s. Gold dull, with all the business of the day at 114@114¼, closing at 114¼, bid. 114¾ asked. Carrying rates 4 per cent. to-day.

Government Securities—Quiet. 6's, 1881, 113¾@114; 5-20's, 1862, 111¾@111¾; 1864, 109¾@110; 1865, 110@110¼; 1865, new, 110¾@110¾; 1867, 110¾@110¾; 10-40's, 107¾@108; Currencies, 111¾@111¾.

State securities firm. Missouris 93¾; old Virginias 66; new do. 65¾; Virginia 6's, for North Carolina account 66; Tennessees 78; new do. 78.

Railroad bonds quiet and firm.

Stocks—The market opened very weak in the early part of the day, influenced by the North American and Western Union declines of yesterday, and was further depressed on the first call of the Stock Exchange at 10 o'clock, when the following prices were current on the regular list.

Central, 92; Cumberland, 30; Quicksilver, 41½; Canton, 41½; Pacific Mail, 91½; Western Union, 83½; Atlantic & Pacific, 25; Ohio & Mississippi, 25½; Wabash, 75; Illinois Central, 124; Pittsburgh, 97½; Reading, 99½; Fort Wayne, 94½; Michigan Central, 118½; Michigan Southern, 93½; New York Central, 143½; Erie, 23½; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 85½; Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati, 112½; preferred, 116; Ohio and Mississippi, 25½; Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati, 112½; preferred, 116; Toledo & Wabash, 49½; Rock Island, 103½; Northwestern, 84½; preferred, 87½; Terre Haute, 15½; preferred, 35; Chicago & Alton, 112½; preferred, 120; Adams Express, 68½; Wells, Fargo & Co., 47½; American Express, 58½; Canton Co., 41½

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

HOME NEWS.

Night Schools.—The night schools of both wards will commence Monday evening. They will remain open for a term of three months.

J. B. Murphy was indulging in a bit of a spree and got himself locked up in the Allegheny watch-house. He was committed to jail yesterday by Alderman Kerr for two days.

Gold Gold Beads, emblems, pins, rings, lockets and gold plated sets are among the goods received at the Department Store, 39 Fifth avenue, under Masonic Hall.

Thieves.—Michael O'Connor was arrested and locked before the Mayor yesterday for beating his wife and children, and the Mayor sent him to the Workhouse for thirty days.

Attorneys Matters was called upon yesterday to settle a case wherein Philip Straub charged Jacob Fisher with obtaining a calf valued at $27, under false pretences. The case was amicably arranged.

Those visiting the city during the week of the Fair are invited to call and examine our stock and well selected stock of Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods, which we are offering at low prices for cash. H. Handlan, corner Penny and Ninth street.

Rachel Hunter says Suzy Jackson visited her house and tendered a sign of hospitality by passing out of the borders of ten dollars. Rachel reciprocated by stepping the money down her throat and a pair of seven dollar shoes down her heels. The shoes were left on and Suzy was committed by Alderman Avery to jail for trial, being committed by Alderman Hare.

Pretended.—Jane Hendley, during a row in a grocery in the Third ward, Allegheny, ungraciously pretended to forcibly strike Mary Ann Hyer of his friend, Allen Smith. Smith rushed to see the felicity of the affair, and pretended to hit Mullen to issue a warrant for Hendley's arrest.

Fire Fire.—Yesterday a slight fire occurred in the house of Mr. John Davis, running from the basement to the second story. The Fire Company succeeded in extinguishing the fire before much damage was done, the loss not being over $50, covered by insurance in the "Lycoming." Cause of the fire unknown.

Superintendent Collector.—D. R. Baker yesterday made information before Alderman Hostetter against Thomas Grip and Wm. Fetterhoff. Baker is a dealer in and manufacturer of tar boilers. The charges to be accused of violating the United States revenue laws. Grip and Fetterhoff are running it in opposition to Baker, and refusing it to any person who will not purchase from them. The latter gentlemen have been arrested and committed to jail for a hearing.

Dead Beat.—The body of an infant was found on Wednesday at Lincoln avenue and Negley's run road, wrapped in an apron and a piece of a dress. It was removed to the morgue of Alderman Hostetter, where a post mortem examination will be held to-day. The child had been born some days.

An Elegant Display of fine queensware is now made at the warehouse of the Keystone Pottery, 58 and 60 Liberty street. Anticipating a great trade from Monongahela City, we have filled the stock with a fresh supply from Staffordshire, to advise housekeepers to call immediately, look at the goods and prices and see what they need to complete their table sets.

Visitors to the Fair should not leave for home without securing a supply of tobacco, snuff and cigars. Such first class brands, as Bloch, Bros. Lorillard, Allegheny, Jones, Gail & Ax, Pittsburgh, Bergner & Engel, Philadelphia, Schultz & Dalemar, Pittsburgh,